

ACHARYA NAGARJUNA UNIVERSITY : : NAGARJUNA NAGAR
REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE AND CONTENT OF
M.A. SOCIOLOGY PROGRAMME

The two- year programme of study offered by Acharya Nagarjuna University for the award of Master of Arts in Sociology is entirely by instruction and examination, both written and oral (viva – voce). The medium of instruction is English but a student has the option to write the examination in either English or Telugu. Both instruction and examination are conducted separately in four semesters, two semesters in an academic year. To qualify for the M.A. Degree (Sociology) of this University, the student has to necessarily abide by all the rules and regulations regarding admission, attendance, examination, medium of instruction, and method of evaluation, grades and ranking etc. currently in force at Acharya Nagarjuna University.

For completing the course requirements, the student must attend all the 16 courses offered and the examinations held in each of the four semesters. Instruction and examination are in the unitized mode. In total, the candidate takes instruction in 16 courses at the end of the 4th semester, at the uniform rate of 4 courses in each semester. There are two comprehensive viva- Voce Examinations of 100 marks each, one at the end of the second semester of course work and the second viva-voce at the end of the fourth Semester. The two year-end viva-voce Examinations cover all the 8 courses of instruction in the respective years. Thus, the two- year M.A Sociology Programme is for total Marks of 1800 (1600 for 16 courses of 100 marks each; 20 marks out of 100 in each written examination are allotted for Internal Assessment and 200 marks for the two comprehensive viva-Voce Examinations). Marks in the Viva – voce Examination are given by a viva-voce Committee consisting of the chairman, B.O.S., Head of the Department, a single External Expert; and all Internal Teachers concerned with course teaching.

The course pattern largely adopting the model curriculum Prepared by the Curriculum Development committee of the U.G.C. is as given below. For each semester-end examination in a given course, the question paper will be set by the external expert and the evaluation is done by both external and internal experts. A model question paper will be circulated to students by the concerned teacher before sending them for the examination. Besides instruction, students will have guided library work, seminars and discussion groups.

The detailed syllabi of the various courses and the essential Reading Materials are as provided in the following pages in designing the course structure and content, the guiding principles kept in mind are:

- Interdisciplinary focus
- Problem or issue orientation
- Relevance to India, or Indian contribution
- Strong theoretical, methodological, and substantive grounding and emphasis; and
- Bridge course for students of non- sociology background.

**COURSE STRUCTURE AND CONTENT OF
M.A. SOCIOLOGY**

I Semester (Marks)

1. Introductory Sociology.	80+20=100
2. Social Research Methodology	80+20=100
3. Sociological Theory	80+20=100
4. Indian Society: Structure and Change	80+20=100

II Semester

5. Social Demography	80+20=100
6. Social Statistics	80+20=100
7. Social Change and Development	80+20=100
8. Social Inequalities, Weaker sections and Development	80+20=100

Viva-Voce = **100**

III Semester

9. Social Problems and Social Action	80+20=100
10. Rural Sociology and Rural Development	80+20=100
11. Gender and Society	80+20=100
12. Sociology of Health	80+20=100

IV Semester

13. Sociology of Ageing	80+20=100
14. Industrial Sociology	80+20=100
15. Criminology	80+20=100
16. Urban Sociology and Urban Development	80+20=100

Viva-Voce = **100**

Total **1800Marks**

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: FIRST SEMESTER

Paper-1 Introductory Sociology.

Unit-1

- ❑ **Definition of Sociology – Nature and Scope – the emergence of Sociology – sociology and its relationship with other social sciences.**
- ❑ **Human society, its nature, Characteristics and Functions**
- ❑ **Individual and society.**

Unit – II

- ❑ **Social Groups- the concept of social Groups – Types of Social groups: Primary and secondary groups – community**
- ❑ **Social Structure : the concepts of ‘ STATUS’ and ‘ROLE’**
- ❑ **Culture – The concept , Characteristics of culture ,Components of Culture**

Unit – III

- ❑ **Socialization – The Agencies of socialization**
- ❑ **Theories of socialization**
- ❑ **Social Change – Factors and Theories of Social Change**

Unit- IV

- ❑ **Social Stratification: Meaning, Forms and Dimensions**
- ❑ **Social Process – Associative and Disassociative social Process.**

Unit –V

- ❑ **Anomie**
- ❑ **Alienation**
- ❑ **Social control: Types & Agencies**

Recommended books:

Koenig, Samuel	: Sociology – An Introduction
Mac Iver and Page	: Society
Bierstedt, Robert	: Social Order
Davis, Kingsley	: Human Society
Johnson, H,M	: Sociology, a Systematic Intoduction
Goode, William	: The Dynamics of Modern Society
Ian Robertson	: Sociology
Harlombos	sociology, themes and Perspectives

M.A. SOCIOLOGY::FIRST SEMESTER

PAPER-2. SOCIAL RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Unit I

- Science and characteristics of Science, Scientific Method, its application to Social Phenomena.
- Social Survey – Social Research – Experimental Study, Longitudinal and Cross – Sectional Research, Participatory Research.

Unit II

- Theory, Fact and Hypothesis: their functions and relationships, their operational Differences.
- Selection of a research problem – Research Design – Experimental, Explorative And descriptive research design.

Unit III

- Methods of data collection; Observation; Questionnaire,
- Interview Schedule, Interview, Historical method, Case Study,
- PRA Techniques

Unit IV

- Sampling : Uses and types of Sampling – Probability and Non Probability Samples-Cluster, Quota, Accidental, Area Samples, Random, And Stratified Random Samples. Size and Adequacy of Samples.

Unit V

- Research Report Writing: Components of Research Report

Recommended Books:

Good and Hatt	: Methods in Social Research.
P.V. Young	: Scientific Social Survey and Research
Seltiz Jahoda and others	: Research methods in Social relations
Black and Champion	: Methods and issues in Social research
Moser, C.A. and G. Kalton	: Survey Methods in Social Investigation

**M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: FIRST SEMESTER
PAPER-3 SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY**

Unit I

- * Sociological theory : Nature, types of Sociological Theories, Characters
Sociological Theory.
Paradigms in Sociology:
- * Auguste Comte : Law of Human Progress
Hierarchy of Sciences
Social Statics and Dynamics
Positivism
- * Herbert Spencer : Theory of Evolution
Organic Analogy

Unit II

- * Karl Marx : Dialectical Materialism
Social Evolution
Class Struggle
Alienation

Unit III

- * Emile Durkheim : Division of Labour
Social Facts
Suicide
Elementary forms of religious life

Unit IV

- * Max Weber : Typology of Social Action
Rationality
Authority
Protestant Ethics and Spirit of Capitalism
- * Pareto : Logical and Non-logical Action,
Residues & Derivations
Circulation of Elites

Unit V

- * Talcott Parsons : Structural Functionalism
- Alfred Shultz, Peter Berger,
Luckmann : Phenomenology
- *Garfinkel, Goffman : Ethnomethodology
- *George Homans, Peter Blau : Exchange Theory

Recommended Books:

1. Bogardus : The development of Sociological thought
2. Raymond Aaron : Main currents in Sociological thought
3. Coser, Lewis : Masters of Sociological Thought
4. Timasheff : Sociological Theory Nature and Growth
5. Kinloch : Sociological Theory, the development and major
Paradigms
6. Jonathan Turner : Structure of Sociological Theory

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: FIRST SEMESTER
PAPER-4 :: Indian Society: Structure and Change

UNIT-1

- Theoretical Perspectives : - Indological
 - Structural Functional
 - Historical Approach
- Foundation of Indian society : - Hindu View of Life
 - Purusharthas,
 - Varna Dharma
 - Ashrma Dharma

Unit-II

- Marriage in India : Types of Marriages
 - Forms of Hindu Marriage
 - Hindu Marriage as a Sacrament
 - Changing Trends in Marriage and Legislation
 - Marriage among Muslims and Christians
- Family in India : Types of Family
 - Structure and Functions of Joint Family
 - Family in Rural and Urban Setting
 - Changing Trends in Indian Family

Unit-III

- Caste System : - Features and Function of Caste system
 - Theories of Origin of Caste
 - Cultural and Structural View about Caste system
 - Caste and Social mobility
 - Changing Trends and Future of Caste System
- Religion and Polity : - Religion and Ritual systems
 - Leadership and Polity
 - Socio-religious Movement

Unit –IV

- Tradition and Modernity :- Composition of Indian society
 - Unity and Diversity
 - Great Tradition and Little Tradition
 - Tradition and Modernity

Unit-V

- Tribals:
 - Who are they? their features
 - Tribal Heritage.
 - Tribal Development

Recommend books:

1. Prabu Padarinath : Hindu Social Organisation
2. M.N. Sreenivas : Social change in Modern India
3. J.H. Huttan : Caste in India
4. Mandle Baum, David : Society in India
5. Ahuja Ram : Indian social system
6. Yogendra singh : Modernization of Indian tradition

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: SECOND SEMESTER PAPER-5 : SOCIAL DEMOGRAPHY

Unit I

- Social Demography – Nature, Scope and Importance of Demography and its Relation to Sociology, Origin and Development of Demography, Sources of Demographic Data.

Unit II

- Population Theories – Malthusian Theory, Optimum theory and Theory of Demographic Transition.

Unit III

- India's Population – Growth, Distribution, Composition – Age and Sex Composition.
- Problems of Rapid population growth in India.

Unit IV

- Components of population growth – Fertility, Mortality, and Migration; their Conceptual and theoretical frameworks, measures – Levels and trends.

Unit V

- Family Planning and Family Welfare, Family Planning through five year plans India's Population policy. Social Dimensions of population education.

Recommended Books:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. Donald J. Bogue | : Principles of Demography |
| 2. Thompson & Lewis | : Population Problems |
| 3. Asha Bhinde & Tara Kanitkar | : Principles of Population Studies |
| 4. Ashish Bose & Others | : Population in India's development 1947-2000AD |
| 5. Arivastava | : A textbook of Demography |

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: SECOND SEMESTER PAPER-6:: SOCIAL STATISTICS

Unit-I

- Statistics; its importance and application in sociological research, advantages and limitations.
- Data analysis: Classification and Tabulation

Unit-II

- Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; their advantages and disadvantages – their application.
- Measures of Dispersion: Range, Quartile Deviation, Standard Deviation, Co-efficient of Variation and their uses in social research.

Unit-III

- Measures of Association: Correlation, Rank Order correlation.
- Test of Significance – chi square.

Unit-IV

❖ Diagrammatic Presentation of data

- Graphic presentation of data
- One Dimensional Diagrams
- Two dimensional diagrams
- Three dimensional diagrams

Unit-V. Diagrammatic Presentation of data (contd).

- Pictogram and Ccotograms
- Graphs of time series
- Graphs of Frequency distribution

Recommended books:

- | | |
|------------------------|---|
| 1. Statistical Methods | : S.P. Gupta |
| 2. Yule and Roberts | : An introduction to theory of Statistics |
| 3. Wallis and Roberts | : Statistic – A new approach |
| 4. Rei Chapman, W.J. | : Use and abuse and Statistic |

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: SECOND SEMESTER PAPER-7 SOCIAL CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT

Unit-1

- ❑ **Definition and Meaning and forms of Social Change**
- ❑ **Evolution, Progress – Development**
- ❑ **Change in Structure; Change of the Structure.**
- ❑ **Factors of Social Change: Theories of Social Change**

Unit-II

- ❑ **Social Change in contemporary India: Sanskritization, Westernization, modernization, Secularization**
- ❑ **Tradition and continuity**
- ❑ **Social Tensions, Social Resilience.**

UNIT-III

- ❑ **Development: Economic Development, Human Development, Social Development,**
- ❑ **Sustainable Development**
- ❑ **Social Structure and Development: Structure as a facilitator, Initiator: Development and Socio-economic disparities, Gender and development**

UNIT-IV

- ❑ **Paths & Agencies of Development: Capitalist, socialistic & Mixed Economy.**
- ❑ **Gandhian Approach**
- ❑ **NGO's structure, functions, their role in current day Indian society.**

UNIT-V

- ❑ **Indian Experience of development: Five years Plans**
- ❑ **Social consequences of Economic reforms**
- ❑ **Socio-cultural repercussions of Globalization.**

Reference Books:

1. **Yogendra Singh** : **Modernisation of Indian Tradition**
2. **M.N. Srinivas** : **Social change in modern India.**

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: SECOND SEMESTER PAPER-8: SOCIAL INEQUALITIES, WEAKER SECTIONS AND DEVELOPMENT

Unit-I

- **Social Stratification: Conceptual and Theoretical Perspectives, definitions, Principles, characteristics**

- Types, approaches of Marx, Weber, Davis and Moore, Tumin and Dahrendarf to the Study of class, Status and Power
- Classes in modern industrial Societies.

Unit-II

- Social Inequalities and their bases- Class, caste, race, culture and gender in comparative and Cross-cultural perspectives,
- Consciousness of inequality and their consequences.

Unit-III

- Social mobility Concept and types of Social mobility,
- Determinants and Processes
- Caste, class and mobility.

Unit-IV

- Weaker sections - Concept Social, Economic and cultural disabilities
- Concept of with references to India. Historical and Sociological Perspectives.
- Concept, nature and types of poverty, structural and cultural constraints in its eradication, national policy and programmes.
- Scheduled Castes, Backward Castes, and Scheduled Tribes their general and specific problems
- Governmental Policies and Programmes for their development

Unit-V

- Status and role of women - legal, cultural, political familial and economic aspects,
- Policies for women's welfare
- Prprogrammes for women's Development

Reference books:

- Tumin Social Stratification
 Bergel Social Stratification
 Bottomore Classes in modern society.
 Government of India, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare 1974:
 Towards Equality : Report of the Committee on the Status of Women in India.
 Punit, A.E., Profile of Poverty in India
 Victor s., disouza Inequality and its Perspectuation
 Mukherji, S., Poverty and Mobility in India.

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: THIRD SEMESTER PAPER-9 : SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND SOCIAL ACTION

Unit-I

- Historical perspectives of social Problems during Colonial and Post – independent India:
- Society, religion culture and social Problems in India.

Unit-II

Major Social Problems:

- Casteism, untouchability and caste discrimination' Social Cultural and Economic Dimensions.
- Poverty, unemployment, Illiteracy, (Regionalism, communalism, and Terrorism)

Unit-III

- Crime, corruption, Drug – abuse and addiction, HIV/AIDS.
- Urban housing, slums,
- Problems of Health and Nutrition.

Unit-IV

Concepts of Social Action, Social Legislation: social Protest, reform, revolution, movement and social Reconstruction.

Unit-V

Types of Social Action; Role of voluntary Agencies, Political Parties and the Government.

Reference Books:

Howard S. Becker (Ed) Social Problems: A Modern Approach, John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York.

Ghurye, G.S., : The Problems of India.

Chopra, R.N. and Chopra, I.C., : Drug addiction with Special Reference to India, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, Rafi Marg, New Delhi, 1965.

Madan, G.R., Indian Social Problems, Allied Publishers, Hyd.
Moorthy, M.V., Social Action.
Natarajan, S., Century of Social Reforms in India.

Dandekar, U.M. and Poverty in India, Indian School or Political
Rath, R., Economy, Bombay, 1971.

Beteille, A., (Ed) Social Inequality.

Ambedkar, B.R., The Untouchables – Who are hey?

How they become Untouchables?

Dantwala, M.L., Poverty in India, Then and now 1870-1970.
Mac millan India, Madras, 1973.

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: THIRD SEMESTER PAPER: 10 RURAL SOCIOLOGY AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA

Unit-1

- Definition of community. Approaches to the study of community.
- Agrarian and Peasant characteristics of Indian Rural communities
- Rural – Urban community contrasts

Unit-2

- Ownership and Operational Land holdings structure in India
- changing character of Land distribution
- Agrarian Legislation and Land reforms.

Unit-3

- Rural poverty and Landless Labour
- Poverty Eradication Measures-critical analysis
- Rural - Urban migration: Patterns, causes and consequences.

Unit-4

- Panchayati Raj- Concept and evaluation
- Community Development Programmes-Rural Development Strategies and Programmes

Unit-5 Rural Industrialisation- measures and Problems.

- Globalisation and its impact on rural community and agriculture
- N.G.Os and rural Development
- Participatory and Empowerment strategies of Rural Development.

References

Robert Redfield : Little community Peasant Society and Culture.

Biplab Dasgupta : Village studies in the third world.

Berch, Berberog, Ed. 1992: class, State and Development in India 1,2,3 and 4 chapters. Sage, New Delhi.

Desai A.R. 1977 Rural sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.

Mencher J.P. 1983: Social Anthropology of Peasantry Part III, OUP

P. Radhakrishnan, 1989: Peasant Struggles: Land reforms and social change in malabar 1836-1982. Sage Publications: New Delhi.

Thomer, Daniel and Thurner Alice 1962 Land and Labour in India, Asia Publications, Bombay.

Andre Beteille 1974 six Essays in comparative sociology, OUP, New Delhi. (Relevant chapters)

Dhanagare D.N. 1988: Peasant movements in India, OUP, New Delhi.

Ashish Nandy 1999. Ambiguous journey to the city, New Delhi: OUP

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: THIRD SEMESTER PAPER-11: GENDER AND SOCIETY

Unit-I

Need and significance of Gender- Society Studies, Social construction of Gender. Gender Vs. Biology; Sex – Linked Socialization. Gender Roles: Private _ Public dichotomy. Patriarchy as Ideology and Practice Equality and difference Vis-a vis Nature

Unit-II

Women's Liberation Movement. Emergence of Feminist Thought – Feminist Critique of Sociological Theories, Feminist Methodology as Critique of Sociological methods/ Methodology – Emergence of women's Studies- Their Highlights and Shortcomings.

Unit-III

Women in Indian Family and Society. Impact of Religion and Caste on women's Status – women and Social Stratification- A Case of Intellectual Sexism Joan Acker).

Unit-IV

Sexual Division of Labour/ Work Production Vs. Reproduction. Household Work Vs. Public Participation Technology and Woman's Work Development Policies, Liberalisation and Globalisation and Their Impact on Women.

Unit-V

The Changing status of Women in India- Demographic Profile – the Gender gap (NSS, Census) – Roles of the State and Women NGOs Human rights, Law and Civil codes Relating to women in India – Hindu code Bill, Syrian Christian Law, Muslim Personal Law, customary Law and Tribal women. Major Issues of Women's quality of Life.

Recommended Books:

1. Desai, Neera and M. Krishnaraj. 1987. Women and Society in India. Delhi: Ajanta.
2. Dube, Leela et. Al. (eds.) 1986. Visibility and Power. Essays on Women in society and Development. New Delhi: OUP.
3. Oakley, Ann. 1972. Sex, Gender and Society. New York: Harper and Row.
4. Sharma, Ursula. 1983. Women, Work and Property in North – West India. London: Tavistock.
5. Srinivas, M.N. Caste: Its modern Avatar, New delhi: Penguin (Leela dube's Article on Caste and women).

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: THIRD SEMESTER PAPER 12:: SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH

Unit-I –Sociology of Health

- ❖ **Medical Sociology; Emergence, Nature and scope its relevance**
- ❖ **Concepts of Health, Illness, disease; dimension of Health – Changing concepts of Health; sociological perspectives on Health**
- ❖ **Social Inequality and Access to Health care – Socio – cultural component of Health and Illness.**

Unit –II- Illness & The Social System

- ❖ **Illness – The Process of seeking medical care : Illness Behaviour; Models of Help seeking – General theory of help seeking – Stages of illness experience, Health belief Model, Predisposing and Enabling theory: Pre-diagnostic Illness Behaviour.**
- ❖ **Sick role – Concept and theories; Illness as deviance; sick Role concept, Labelling theory.**
- ❖ **Therapeutic process and interaction; Doctor – Patient relations ship – Basic model Parsonian Model; Patients Behaviour and Hospitalization.**
- ❖ **Hospital as a Social system**

Unit III- Health and Community

- ❖ **Community health: Concept, Programme and Practices**
- ❖ **Nutrition and Malnutrition; Status, Issues, Nutrition Policy**
- ❖ **The Organisation of Health care in India – Primary health care Delivery and utilization**
- ❖ **National Health Programme: Major National Health Programmes; Importance of National Health Programmes.**

Unit –IV- Man, Environment and disease

- ❖ **Social Ecology of Disease**
- ❖ **Social Epidemiology Measures**
- ❖ **Health Education and communication; Forms of Communication; information Education Communication (IEC); models of Health.**

Unit-V – State and Health

- ❖ **National Health Policy, Reproductive & Child Health Policy.**
- ❖ **Policy on Aged**
- ❖ **Issues of consumer Protection and the government.**

M.A. SOCIOLOGY:: FOURTH SEMESTER PAPER-13 : : SOCIOLOGY OF AGEING

Unit I

- **The Scope and significance of Sociology of Ageing. Trends of increasing ageing population in different societies. Factors responsible for the same social, economic and political implications of ageing population in developed and developing societies**

Unit II

- **Theoretical, Sociology perspectives on ageing. Tribal, traditional and modern Aged people, their status and the treatment which they get in the Traditional Hindu Society – The Ashrama Scheme of Life. Gender and Ageing (Widow-Hood, Divorce, Etc.,)**

Unit III

- **Problems of elderly people – economic, Psychological and Physical problems Of coping with ageing for – retired salaried people, aged people in unorganised daily wage earning sector and farming sector, Policies of the Government with regard to aged, Support systems needed for elderly at community level, at family level and at the state level**

Unit IV

- **Family and the aged in Urban and rural settings. Culture, Technology and**

Institutions for the Aged – Trends Problems and prospects in India.

Unit V

- Strategies of accommodating aged people in society: Provisions for leisure time Activities; Role of voluntary organizations, working for the welfare of Aged in India. Social security measures for the aged in India.

Recommended Books:

1. Biswas, S.K. (Ed.) . 1987 : Ageing in Contemporary India. Calcutta: Indian Anthropological Society.
2. Bhatia, PC. (Ed). 2000 : Lecture-series in Geriatrics. New Delhi: National Institute of Primary Health.
3. Choudary, S.K. (Ed.) 1992 : Problems of the Aged and Old age Homes. Bombay: Akshar Pratiroop Ltd.
4. Muthayya, B.C. and M. Annesuddin. 1992. : Rural Aged; Existing Conditions , problems and possible Interventions, NIRD, Hyd.,
5. Vijaya Kumar S. 1991. : Family Life and Socio-Economic Problems of the Aged. New Delhi: Ashish Publishing House.
6. Soodan, K.S. 1975. : Ageing in India. Calcutta: T.K. Mukherjee Minerva Associaton (Pvt.) Ltd.

M.A. SOCIOLOGY :: FOURTH SEMESTER PAPER-14 :: INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY

Unit-1

- The concept of Organisation (formal and informal Organisation)
- Industrial Organisation: Structure and functions
- Theories of scientific Management
- Human relations approach of Elton Mayo

Unit-2

- Technology and labour
- Work Culture, work ethics
- Leadership – types and functions
- Morale, productivity, turnover and alienation

Unit-3

- Industrial conflicts – causes & types
- Resolution of conflicts: Conciliation, Arbitration, Adjudication.
- Collective bargaining

Unit-4

- Union movement in India
- Trade unions –structure and functions
- Trade unions problems in India
- Theories

Unit-5

- Participatory management:
- Meaning, advantages, (disadvantages) and types.

- Labour migration – Problems of women and children and child labour.
- Industrial city – Social and environmental issues.

Reference Books:

1. Gisbet, P : Fundamentals of Industrial sociology
2. Schneider, Er. : Industrial sociology
3. Dayal, Zachariah (Ed) : Industrial sociology and Labour Welfare
4. Pthiripati, PC : Personal Management and Industrial RE
5. E.A. Ramaswamy : Industry and society
Uma Ramaswamy : Workers and his Trade Unions industrial relation
6. Seth, N.R. : Social Frame work of an Indian Industry

M.A SOCIOLOGY :: FOURTH SEMESTER PAPER-15 :: CRIMINOLOGY

Unit I Social Disorganisation & Crime

- Concepts of Social Organisation & Disorganisation
- Individual Disorganisation & Family Disorganisation
- Definition & Distinction of Criminology, Penology and Victimology
- Nature Scope & Importance of Criminology

Unit II Schools of Criminology

- Classification of Crime & Criminals
- Schools of Criminology – Classical, Positive Biological
- Schools of Criminology – Psychological, Economic, Sociological Cultural
- Deviance and Delinquency

Unit III Punishment

- Punishment Objectives & Changing Trends
- Theories of Punishment
- Role of Police in Welfare State
- Juvenile Delinquency

Unit IV Treatment and Prevention

- Prison and Prison Reforms.
- Probation and Parole.
- Open Prison

Unit V Correctional Services in India

- Problems of Correctional Services in India-over crowding, Custodial mind set, Lack of inter – agency co-operation and co-ordination among police
- After care and Rehabilitation

- Limitations and Prospects of Correction.

Recommended Books:

1. Sutherland E.H. & D.R. Cressey : Principles of Criminology
2. Reod S. : Crime & Criminology
3. Sankardas, RD. : Punishment & Prison
4. Ministry of Home Affairs : Crime in India (1998 – 2001)

**M.A. SOCIOLOGY :: FOURTH SEMESTER
PAPER-16 :: URBAN SOCIOLOGY AND
URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Unit I

- Introduction to Urban Sociology: Nature, Scope, Growth and Importance of Study of Urban Sociology. Rural-Urban Differences and continuum
- Urban Community and spatial dimensions: Park, Burgess.

Unit II

- Urban Social Structure: Urban centres-Traditional and modern; Marriage, Family, Kinship, Caste, Religion in Urban India; Changing occupational structure.

Unit III

- Urbanisation: Concept, causes and components of Urbanisation; Trends and Levels of Urbanisation in India. Urbanism as a way of life.

Unit IV

- Urban Social Problems : Unemployment, Poverty, Slum development, Drug Addiction, environmental degradation, Urban crime, Prostitution.

Unit V

- Urban Planning and development : Factors affecting Planning. Principles, Programmes and consequences; Factors affecting planning barriers to Urban Development. NGOs and Urban development.

Recommended Books:

1. Abrahamson, M. (1976) : Urban Sociology. Eaglewoot. Prentice Hall.
2. Bose Ashish, (1978) : Studies in India Urbanisation 1901-1971
Tata Mc Graw Hill ,
3. Desai A.R. and Pillai S.D.(ed) 1870: Slums and Urbanisation. Popular Prakashan,
Bombay
4. Gold, Harry, 1982 : Sociology of Urban life. Prentice Hall Englewood
Cliff.
5. Wirth, Louis 1938 : Urbanism as a way of life. American Journal of

6. Quinn, J.A. 1955

Sociology, Vol.44, July.
: Urban Sociology, S Chand & Co. New Delhi.
